National Curriculum

Place Value:

Pupils should be taught to:

- count to and across 100, forwards and backwards, beginning with 0 or 1, or from any given number
- count, read and write numbers to 100 in numerals; count in multiples of twos, fives and tens
- given a number, identify one more and one less
- identify and represent numbers using objects and pictorial representations including the number line, and use the language of: equal to, more than, less than (fewer), most, least
- read and write numbers from 1 to 20 in numerals and words.

Addition and Subtraction:

Pupils should be taught to:

- read, write and interpret mathematical statements involving addition (+), subtraction (-) and equals (=) signs
- represent and use number bonds and related subtraction facts within 20
- add and subtract one-digit and two-digit numbers to 20, including zero
- solve one-step problems that involve addition and subtraction, using concrete objects and pictorial representations, and missing number problems such as 7 = -9.

Multiplication and Division:

Pupils should be taught to:

• solve one-step problems involving multiplication and division, by calculating the answer using concrete objects, pictorial representations and arrays with the support of the teacher.

Fractions:

Pupils should be taught to:

- recognise, find and name a half as one of two equal parts of an object, shape or quantity
- recognise, find and name a quarter as one of four equal parts of an object, shape or quantity.

Measurements:

Pupils should be taught to:

- compare, describe and solve practical problems for:
- lengths and heights [for example, long/short, longer/shorter, tall/short, double/half]

- mass/weight [for example, heavy/light, heavier than, lighter than]
- capacity and volume [for example, full/empty, more than, less than, half, half full, quarter]
- time [for example, quicker, slower, earlier, later]
- measure and begin to record the following:
- lengths and heights
- mass/weight
- capacity and volume
- time (hours, minutes, seconds)
- recognise and know the value of different denominations of coins and notes
- sequence events in chronological order using language [for example, before and after, next, first, today, yesterday, tomorrow, morning, afternoon and evening]
- recognise and use language relating to dates, including days of the week, weeks, months and years
- tell the time to the hour and half past the hour and draw the hands on a clock face to show these times.

Geometry Shape:

Pupils should be taught to:

- recognise and name common 2-D and 3-D shapes, including:
- 2-D shapes [for example, rectangles (including squares), circles and triangles]
- 3-D shapes [for example, cuboids (including cubes), pyramids and spheres].

Position and Direction:

Pupils should be taught to:

describe position, direction and movement, including whole, half, quarter and three-quarter turns.

								W	eek				
		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Year 1	Autumn	Step 1 Step 2 Step 3 Step 4 Step 5 Step 6 Step 7 Step 8 Step 9 Step 10 Step 11 Step 12 Step 13 Step 14 Step 15	Represer Recognis Count or 1 more Count ba 1 less 0 Compar 1 Eess tha 3 Compar 4 Order of 5 The nur	ects ojects ojects from operation of the section of	om a larg ts ers as wo ny numbers s within 1 as by mater ame ter than, ers nd numbers	ords er Ching equal to ers		(within Step 1 I wholes Step 3 N Step 4 I facts St 10 Step 6 S within 2 Step 7 I Step 8 N Step 10 Step 11 Subtract Step 13 facts St away/c Step 15 left?) Si number	ntroduce Step 2 P Write nu Fact fami ep 5 Nur Systemat 10 Number Addition Addition Find a p tion – fir Fact fan ep 14 Su ross out Take aw	e parts and art-whole r mber sente ilies – addit mber bonds to 10 – add toge – add more of problems art Step 12 and a part milies – the btraction – (How many ay (How multiples – the contraction of the co	model ences ion within bonds there eight take r left?) any on a	Shape Step 1 Recognise and name 3-D shapes Step 2 Sort 3-D shapes Step 3 Recognise and name 2-D shapes Step 4 Sort 2-D shapes Step 5 Patterns with 2-D and 3-D shapes	Consolidation
	Spring		Value			ion an		Place		Length	and	Mass and Volu	
		(within 20) Step 1 Count within 20				Subtraction (within 20)	Value		Height		Step 1 Heavier and lighter Step 2 Measure mass		
		•	Count wi Understa		Step 1 within	•	counting on	(with	n 50)			Step 3 Compare ma	

	Step 1 Count in 2s Step 2 Count in 10s Step 3 Count in 5s	Step 1 Step 1 Recognise a Describe turns		Step 1 Count from 50 to 100	Step 1 Unitising Step 2	Step 1 Before and after Step 2 Days of the week		
	and Division		Position and Direction	Value (within 100)				
Summer	Multiplication	Fractions	Geometry	Place	Money	Time		Consolidation
				more, 1 less				
				Step 8 1				
				number line to 50				
				Estimate on a				
				Step 7				
		J. 5.5.5.115		to 50				
	Step 10 Missing number problems			Step 6 The number line				
		Step 9 Related		tens and ones				
		the difference		Partition into				
	line to 20	Step 8 Subtrac	tion – finding	Step 5				
	Step 8 The number	back	J	ones				
	less	Step 7 Subtract	ion – counting	of tens and	centimetro	es		
	Step 7 1 more and 1	number bonds	ones using	Step 4 Groups	length using objects Step 3 Measure length in			
	18 and 19 Step 6 Understand 20	Step 5 Near do		by making groups of tens				
	Step 5 Understand 17,	Step 4 Doubles	L.L.	Step 3 Count				
	15 and 16	bonds to 20		40 and 50	Step 2 Measure		Step 7 Compare ca	pacity
	Step 4 Understand 14,	Step 3 Find and	make number	Step 2 20, 30,	heights		Step 6 Measure ca	•
	12 and 13	number bonds		from 20 to 50	lengths and		Step 5 Compare vo	olume
	Step 3 Understand 11,		s using	Step 1 Count	Step 1 Cor	npare	Step 4 Full and em	pty

Step 4 Recognise equal	object or a	Step 2	Step 2 Tens to	Recognis	Step 3 Months of the year	
groups	shape	Describe	100	e coins	Step 4 Hours, minutes and	
Step 5 Add equal groups	Step 2 Find a	position – left	Step 3 Partition	Step 3	seconds	
Step 6 Make arrays Step	half of an	and right Step	into tens and	Recognis	Step 5 Tell the time to the	
7 Make doubles	object or a	3 Describe	ones	e notes	hour	
Step 8 Make equal	shape	position –	Step 4 The	Step 4	Step 6 Tell the time to the	
groups – grouping	Step 3	forwards and	number line to	Count in	half hour	
	Recognise a	backwards	100	coins		
	half of a	Step 4	Step 5 1 more,			
	quantity	Describe	1 less			
	Step 4 Find a	position –	Step 6			
	half of a	above and	Compare			
	quantity	below	numbers with			
	Step 5	Step 5 Ordinal	the same			
	Recognise a	numbers	number of tens			
	quarter of an		Step 7			
	object or a		Compare any			
	shape		two numbers			
	Step 6 Find a					
	quarter of an					
	object or a					
	shape					
	Step 7					
	Recognise a					
	quarter of a					
	quantity					
	Step 8 Find a					
	quarter of a					
	quantity					